

**Gujarat Industrial Policy, 2015
Scheme of Assistance for Common
Environment Infrastructure**

Government of Gujarat
Industries & Mines Department
New Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar
G.R. No. GID-102014-922945-G
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Read:

1. Govt. Resolution. No.BGT/1008/499 (1)-G dtd. 11/06/2009.
2. Corrigendum GR No. BGT/1008/499(1)-G dtd. 11/01/2011.
3. Gujarat New Industrial Policy, 2015.

Preamble

The Industrial Policy 2015 aims at promoting 'Gujarat' as a globally competitive and innovative industrial destination that stimulates sustainable development and inclusive growth. The primary mission of the Industrial policy includes proactive support for development of industries, value addition on local primary sources and clean environment in the state with increasing the share of Manufacturing in State GDP. The new Industrial Policy incorporates specific interventions for development of Industries which contribute significantly to the economy. Infrastructure plays an important role in driving developmental activities by providing energy, transportation, water, etc. Infrastructure has remained one of the largest components of public investment programs in developing countries, but at the same time is a highly sensitive area with respect to environment protection. Globally a very high degree of importance is attached to the fact that industrialization and developmental processes should have minimal negative externality. Industrial development and associated growth should therefore, be necessarily carried out in a process wherein no damage is done to the ecology and to the environment as a whole. Cognizance of this is in fact more crucial for a state like Gujarat whose economy is largely driven by the industrial sector. Gujarat accounts for nearly 13 percent of the net value of manufacturing of India and contributes significantly in a wide range of industries like soda ash, chemicals, salt, petrochemicals, plastic etc. Government has widely agreed upon this infrastructure – environment nexus and is the driving force behind the state's philosophy of sustainable growth. The state is more conscious about its responsibility in ensuring a clean and green environment. Various initiatives are taken by the GoG to both minimize the detrimental impacts of the sound and robust infrastructure of the state and at the same time enhance infrastructure's positive contribution to the environment beyond just being a safeguard. A Task Force Committee was constituted to review existing schemes under the Industrial Policy-2009. Task Force Committee analyzed impact of schemes, had discussions with Industries Associations and came out with suggestions for necessary modifications. Industrial Policy-2015 intends to provide assistance to encourage compliance with the environmental norms and standards.



Resolution:-

In view of the strategy under New Industrial Policy the Government is pleased to introduce a **Scheme of Assistance for Common Environment Infrastructure** which will come into force the date 1.1.2015 and will remain in operation for a period of five years.

1.0 Definitions

1.1 Previous scheme

Previous Scheme means scheme for financial assistance to Environment Protection Measures and Infrastructure declared vide Govt. resolution no BGT/1008/499(1)-G dtd. 11/06/2009.

1.2 Common Environment Infrastructure Facilities

Common Environment Infrastructure Facilities means facilities created by the Institution in the area of environment protection facilities for the use of members of the institution or for the use of industrial enterprises/public.

1.3 Institution

Institution means any Industries association / Any Enterprise (except for captive use) or firm which is registered under Societies Act, or under the Companies Act.; or GIDC/Board/PSU/Corporations/Municipal Corporation/Urban Development Authority etc.

1.4 Project Cost

Project cost means the cost as appraised by the financial institution or project appraising institution approved by State Level Committee.

1.5 Eligible Fixed Capital Investment:

Eligible fixed capital investment means the capital investment made in the Building, Plant & Machinery, and Utilities, other related infrastructure required for the project of CEI.

1.6 Ineligible Investment:

Ineligible Investment means the cost of land , land development, preliminary and pre-operative expenses, consultancy fees etc.

2.0 Scheme-1:

Financial Assistance for Common Environmental Infrastructure Facilities

The scheme will be known as “Financial Assistance for Common Environmental Infrastructure Facilities”

2.1 Eligible Project/facilities for Common Environment Infrastructure

1. New Common Effluent Treatment Plant including Collection, Storage, and Treatment of effluent
2. Augmentation and /or Technology up gradation of existing CETPs.
3. Conveyance Pipeline for safe disposal of treated effluent.
4. Recycling of treated waste water for industrial use and other use.
5. Common Spray Drying system for effluent.
6. Common Multiple effect evaporator, Mechanical Vapour Recompression Evaporation (MVRE) etc.
7. To install monitoring system for water, air, land, noise etc. for ambient environment
8. To install online continuous Stack emission Monitoring System with connectivity to GPCB server.
9. Common waste management projects:
 - a. Common Waste Management Infrastructure Projects
 - b. Incinerators for Hazardous Waste and Concentrated Effluent.
 - c. Waste Collection /Pre-preparation /processing /treatment facilities for Co-Processing /power and steel industries
 - d. Recovery, Reuse and recycling of waste of CETP and TSDF by Industries Association
 - e. Plasma thermal destruction/treatment/waste to energy facility
 - f. Common solvent recovery Plant
 - g. Common spent acid recovery Plant
 - h. Use of gypsum through an established Environment Friendly technology
 - i. Use of iron Sludge through an established Environment Friendly technology
 - j. Pet bottle recycling using indigenous raw material
 - k. Recovery of Waste from E-waste/Electroplating Waste/Photography Waste
 - l. Recycling Facilities for Hazardous waste generated during ship breaking activities
 - m. Waste recycling plants to useful product/ by product i.e vermin-compost, handmade paper from paper mill waste.
- 10 Any other environment Management project as approved by SLC.

2.2 Quantum of Assistance:-

- a. Assistance up to 25% of eligible fixed capital investment in the Project for the activities listed in Para 2.1. maximum upto Rs.50 Cr.



